

San Jose State University



**Report Sections** 

## **NSSE 2024 Engagement Indicators**

#### **About This Report**

## About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
j.	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning
5	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Performance on Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-End)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

*Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions*, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment,* 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview

### San Jose State University

### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Vour students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.

- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Stu	dents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		$\Delta$	
Challenge	Learning Strategies		$\nabla$	
	Quantitative Reasoning	$\Delta$	$\Delta$	Δ
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	$\Delta$		Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	$\Delta$		
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	$\nabla$	▼	$\nabla$
Environment	Supportive Environment			

Seniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	$\nabla$		$\nabla$
Challenge	Learning Strategies		$\nabla$	
	Quantitative Reasoning	$\Delta$	$\Delta$	$\Delta$
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	$\Delta$		
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others		$\Delta$	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	$\bigtriangledown$		
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	$\bigtriangledown$	▼	$\bigtriangledown$
Environment	Supportive Environment	$\bigtriangledown$		



**Academic Challenge** 

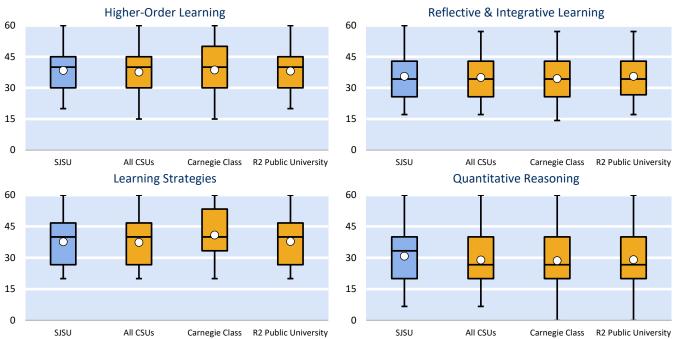
## San Jose State University

## Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your first-year students compared with					
	SJSU	All C		Carnegi		R2 Public	University	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	38.4	37.6	.06	38.6	02	38.1	.02	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	35.5	35.0	.04	34.5 *	.08	35.6	.00	
Learning Strategies	37.6	37.3	.02	40.9 ***	23	37.8	01	
Quantitative Reasoning	30.8	29.0 **	.12	28.6 ***	.13	29.1 **	.11	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).



**Score Distributions** 

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



**Academic Challenge** 

San Jose State University

## Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations       71       +5       +1       +3         4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts       72       +5       +3       +4         4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source       74       44       +3       +4         4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information       73       +3       +2       +2         Reflective & Integrative Learning         Percentage of students who responded that they "lery often" or "Often"         2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments       55       +2       +8       +2         2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues       51       +2       +1       +0         2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course       55       +0       +8       +1         2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue       65       +3       +3       +1         2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from       71       +0       +3       +0         2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept       69       +3       +2       +2		-	Percentage point	t difference <sup>a</sup> between you	r FY students and
Percentage responding "Tery much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized       96         db, Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations       71       +5       +1       +3         de, Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts       72       +5       +3       +4         de. Knalyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts       72       +5       +3       +4         de. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information       73       +3       +2       +2         Reflective & Integrative Learning       Percentage of students who responded that they "feer" offen" or "Offen"       24       14       +0         2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments       55       +2       +8       +2         2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues       51       +2       +1       +0         2c discussions or assignments       55       +0       +8       +1         2c atombine dive subwex political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course       55       +0       +8       +1         2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue       65       +3       +3       +1         2c Trice to better understand someone else's views	Higher-Order Learning	SISU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	
Ab. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations 71 +5 +1 +3   4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts 72 +5 +3 +4   4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source 74 +4 +3 +4   4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information 73 +3 +2 +2   Reflective & Integrative Learning	Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized				
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source7444+3+44e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information7343+2+2Reflective & Integrative LearningPreventage of students who responded that they "Pary often" or "Often"2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments55+2+8+22b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues51+2+1+02c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course55+0+8+12d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue55+3+3+12e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective71+0+3+02f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept69+3+2+22g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge74+3+3+39a. Identified key information from reading assignments74+3-4-49b. Reviewed your notes after class66+2-6+19c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials62+0-9-10cuntitative Reasoning they specification to examine a real-word profeen" or "Often"58+5+5+49c. Summarized what you learned in class of from course materials58+5+5+4<	4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations		+5	+1	+3
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Reflective & Integrative Learning         Percentage of students who responded that they "fery often" or "Often"         2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments       55       +2       +8       +2         2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues       51       +2       +1       +0         2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course       55       +0       +8       +1         2c. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue       65       +3       +3       +1         2c. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from       71       +0       +3       +0         2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept       69       +3       +2       +2         2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge       78       +3       +0       +1         Learning Strategies         Percentage of students who responded that they "fery often" or "Often"         9a. Identified key information from reading assignments       74       +3       -3       +3         9b. Reviewed your notes after class       66       +2       -9       -1         Quantitative Reasoning       -9       -	4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	74	+4	+3	+4
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Learning Strategies         Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"         9a. Identified key information from reading assignments       74       +3       -3       +3         9b. Reviewed your notes after class       66       +2       -6       +1         9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials       62       +0       -9       -1         Quantitative Reasoning       -9       -1         Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"       58       +5       +5       +4         6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)       58       +5       +5       +4         6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)       48       +5       +5       +5       +5	2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	69	+3	+2	+2
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"         9a. Identified key information from reading assignments       74       +3       -3       +3         9b. Reviewed your notes after class       66       +2       -6       +1         9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials       62       +0       -9       -1         Quantitative Reasoning       -1         Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"       -8       +5       +5       +4         6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)       58       +5       +5       +4         6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)       48       +5       +5       +5       +5	2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	78	+3	+0	+1
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Quantitative Reasoning         Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"         6a.       Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)         6b.       Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	9b. Reviewed your notes after class	66	+2	-6	+1
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"         6a.       Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)         6b.       Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	62	+0	-9	-1
6a.Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)58+5+46b.Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)48+5+5+5	Quantitative Reasoning				
6a.     graphs, statistics, etc.)     58     +5     +5     +4       6b.     Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)     48     +5     +5     +5	Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
<sup>bD.</sup> climate change, public health, etc.)	6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	58	+5	+5	+4
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information47+5+7+5		48	+5	+5	+5
	6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	47	+5	+7	+5

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Academic Challenge

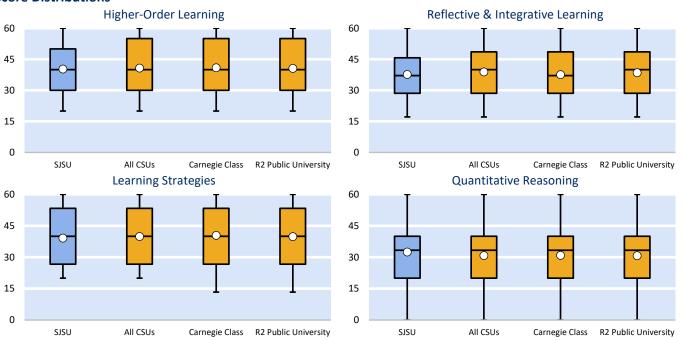
## San Jose State University

## **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	SJSU	All CSUs Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	R2 Public University Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	40.3	40.803	40.904	40.602
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.6	38.9 ***09	37.6 .01	38.5 *06
Learning Strategies	39.1	39.805	40.4 **09	39.805
Quantitative Reasoning	32.5	30.7 *** .10	30.8 *** .10	30.7 *** .11

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).



**Score Distributions** 

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



**Academic Challenge** 

San Jose State University

## Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage	point difference <sup>a</sup> between	your seniors and
Higher-Order Learning	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	74	-1	-3	-2
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	74	-2	-3	-1
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	71	-3	-2	-1
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	74	-1	-0	+1
Reflective & Integrative Learning			-	-
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	67	-2	+2	-0
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	58	-4	-1	-3
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	54	-4	+3	-2
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	65	-1	-0	-2
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 2e. their perspective	72	-2	+2	-2
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	-1	+1	-0
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	80	-4	-3	-4
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	74	-3	-4	-2
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	66	-1	-2	-0
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	69	+1	-0	+0
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
<ul> <li>Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)</li> </ul>	60	+5	+4	+4
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	52	+5	+4	+5
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	50	+3	+4	+4

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Learning with Peers** 

## San Jose State University

## **Learning with Peers: First-year students**

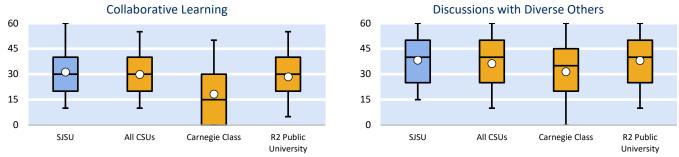
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

## Mean Comparisons

viean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University			
		Effect	Effect	Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size			
Collaborative Learning	31.2	29.8 ** .11	18.2 *** .77	28.4 *** .19			
Discussions with Diverse Others	38.2	36.2 *** .13	31.4 *** .36	38.1 .01			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your FY s		
				R2 Public
Collaborative Learning	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	University
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	51	+4	+24	+8
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	46	+0	+19	+2
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	44	+5	+21	+7
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	59	+5	+30	+8
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	76	+4	+20	+3
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	72	+5	+17	+2
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	64	+6	+13	+0
8d. People with political views other than your own	53	+4	+5	-2
Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significant	e tests. Item nun	nbering corresponds	to the survey facsimile ava	ailable on the

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Learning with Peers** 

### San Jose State University

### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

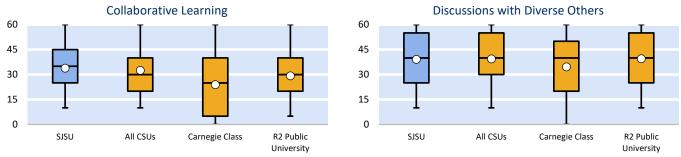
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

### Mean Comparisons

			Your seniors compared with	
	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	33.9	32.6 *** .09	23.9 *** .56	29.2 *** .30
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.1	39.402	34.7 *** .24	39.502

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poi	Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your seniors and		
Collaborative Learning	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			·	
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	51	+6	+19	+12	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	52	( -1	+14	+4	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	46	+3	+15	+9	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	74	+7	+28	+16	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	76	-1	+13	+2	
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	73	+0	+12	+1	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	65	+0	+8	-1	
8d. People with political views other than your own	54	-1	+3	-5	
Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significant	e tests. Item nun	nbering corresponds	to the survey facsimile ava	ailable on the	

Notes: Refer to your *Prequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Experiences with Faculty** 

### San Jose State University

## **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

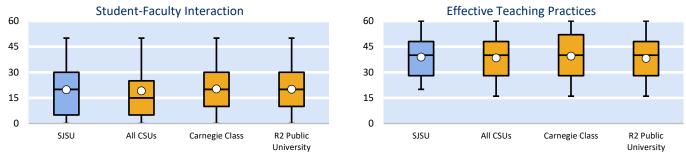
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

## **Mean Comparisons**

Mean Comparisons			Your first-year students compared with								
	SJSU All		CSUs Carn		gie Class Effect	R2 Public	c University Effect				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size				
Student-Faculty Interaction	19.8	19.1	.05	20.3	03	20.1	02				
Effective Teaching Practices	38.9	38.4	.03	39.5	04	38.1	.05				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your FY students and						
Student-Faculty Interaction	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie	Class		ublic ersity		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%							
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	33	+1	- E	-4		-1		
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	25	+6	+8		+5			
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	25	+2	+2		+0	)		
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	28	+1		-8		-1		
Effective Teaching Practices								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have								
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	76	[ -	1	-3		-0		
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	71	+0	(	-1	+0			
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	73	+0	+1		+2	)		
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	70	+4	+6		+6			
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	63	+3	- E	-3	+3			

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Experiences with Faculty San Jose State University

## **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

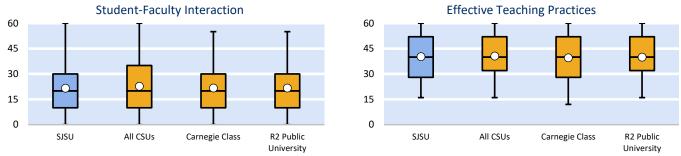
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

## Mean Comparisons

iviean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with								
	SJSU	All	CSUs Effect	Carne	gie Class Effect	R2 Public	CUniversity Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size			
Student-Faculty Interaction	21.6	22.6 *	07	21.7	01	21.6	.00			
Effective Teaching Practices	40.1	40.5	03	39.5	.04	39.9	.02			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your seniors and						
Student-Faculty Interaction	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%							
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	35	-4	-4	-2				
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	25	-2	+3	+1				
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	29	-1	+2	+1				
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	28	-3	-7	-2				
Effective Teaching Practices								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have								
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	78	-3	-1	-2				
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	74	-2	: -1	-1				
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	77	-1	+3	+1				
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	66	+0	+4	+4				
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	64	-0	-1	+1				

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



**Campus Environment** 

## San Jose State University

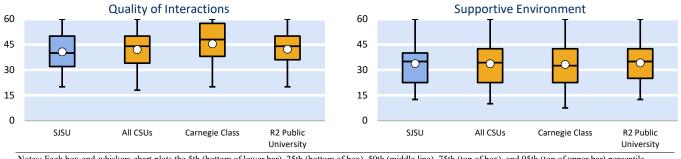
## **Campus Environment: First-year students**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with									
	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University							
		Effect	Effect	Effect							
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size							
Quality of Interactions	40.7	42.0 **11	45.4 ***37	42.2 ***13							
Supportive Environment	33.7	33.7 .00	33.3 .03	34.203							

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



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#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your FY students and					
Quality of Interactions	SJSU	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%						
13a. Students	48	+1	l -1	+0			
13b. Academic advisors	47	-5	-19	-6			
13c. Faculty	39	-8	-23	-9			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	40	-6	-19	-5			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	37	-7	-22	-7			
Supportive Environment		-	÷	÷			
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	+1	-6	<b>-</b> 0			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	67	-3	-9	-5			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	63	+3	+7	+3			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64	+1	+5	-1			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	63	-1	-1	-3			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	45	+2	-1	+4			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	60	+6	+18	+2			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	48	+6	+12	+6			



**Campus Environment** 

## San Jose State University

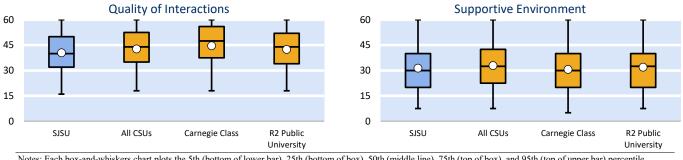
### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	USIS	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Quality of Interactions	40.5	42.8 ***17	44.6 ***32	42.5 ***15
Supportive Environment	31.4	33.0 ***10	30.6 .05	32.004

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### **Performance on Indicator Items**

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference <sup>a</sup> between your seniors and						
Quality of Interactions	sisu	All CSUs	Carnegie Class	R2 Public University				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $l="Poor" to 7="Excellent")$ with	%							
13a. Students	54	-3	-4	-2				
13b. Academic advisors	40	-9	-19	-10				
13c. Faculty	48	-7	-14	-6				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	40	-7	-14	-6				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	39	-8	-16	-7				
Supportive Environment				-				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	63	-5	-8	-4				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	60	-5	-9	-6				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	61	+0	+8	+4				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	60	-3	+6	-0				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	58	-5	+1	-2				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	37	-1	0	+3				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	47	-3	+9	-2				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	39	-4	+5	+0				

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## Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions San Jose State University

## Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your

students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark  $(\checkmark)$  signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable<sup>b</sup> to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

irst-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	nts compared with	ı			
		SJSU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE Top 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size √			
	Higher-Order Learning	38.4	39.8 **	11	42.4 ***	32			
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	35.5	37.3 ***	15	39.9 ***	37			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	37.6	40.2 ***	18	43.1 ***	38			
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.8	30.8	√ 00.	33.3 ***	16			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.2	33.4 ***	16	36.7 ***	40			
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	38.2	40.7 ***	17	44.2 ***	43			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	19.8	25.4 ***	36	29.9 ***	65			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.9	40.8 ***	14	43.6 ***	33			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	40.7	45.7 ***	44	48.7 ***	67			
Environment	Supportive Environment	33.7	37.1 ***	26	40.4 ***	53			

Seniors	ThemeEngagement IndicatorHigher-Order LearningAcademicReflective and Integrative LearningChallengeLearning StrategiesQuantitative ReasoningLearningCollaborative Learning		Your seniors compared with								
		SJSU	NSSE T	Top 50%	NSSE Top 10%						
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size √					
	Higher-Order Learning	40.3	42.4 ***	15	44.9 ***	35					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.6	40.6 ***	24	43.2 ***	46					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.1	41.2 ***	14	44.1 ***	35					
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.5	32.8	02 🗸	36.2 ***	23					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.9	34.8 *	06	38.0 ***	30					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.1	41.4 ***	14	44.1 ***	34					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	21.6	29.9 ***	51	34.9 ***	82					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.1	42.5 ***	17	45.2 ***	38					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	40.5	45.4 ***	41	48.1 ***	62					
Environment	Supportive Environment	31.4	34.6 ***	23	38.0 ***	47					

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> San Jose State University

## **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

Detanea Statistics. This	Mean statistics			Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Comparison results			
	IVIEd	ili statisti			Perce	intile sct	JIES		Deg. of	Mean	results	Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
SJSU (N = $871$ )	38.4	12.9	.44	20	30	40	45	60				
All CSUs	37.6	13.6	.16	15	30	40	45	60	1,106	.8	.098	.057
Carnegie Class	38.6	14.0	.12	15	30	40	50	60	1,016	3	.558	019
R2 Public University	38.1	13.4	.13	20	30	40	45	60	1,018	.3	.536	.021
Top 50%	39.8	13.2	.04	20	30	40	50	60	97,601	-1.4	.001	110
Top 10%	42.4	12.5	.12	20	35	40	55	60	12,097	-4.0	.000	319
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
SJSU (N = $937$ )	35.5	11.9	.39	17	26	34	43	60				
All CSUs	35.0	11.9	.13	17	26	34	43	57	9,182	.5	.224	.042
Carnegie Class	34.5	13.1	.11	14	26	34	43	57	1,091	1.0	.011	.079
R2 Public University	35.6	12.2	.11	17	27	34	43	57	13,484	.0	.964	002
Top 50%	37.3	12.0	.04	17	29	37	46	60	88,757	-1.8	.000	147
Top 10%	39.9	11.7	.12	20	31	40	49	60	11,224	-4.4	.000	374
Learning Strategies												
SJSU (N = 816)	37.6	13.5	.47	20	27	40	47	60				
All CSUs	37.3	13.7	.16	20	27	40	47	60	7,752	.3	.552	.022
Carnegie Class	40.9	14.6	.14	20	33	40	53	60	956	-3.3	.000	227
R2 Public University	37.8	13.9	.13	20	27	40	47	60	11,445	2	.721	013
Top 50%	40.2	13.9	.05	20	33	40	53	60	79,789	-2.6	.000	185
Top 10%	43.1	14.5	.11	20	33	40	60	60	904	-5.5	.000	383
Quantitative Reasoning												
SJSU (N = 829)	30.8	15.2	.53	7	20	33	40	60				
All CSUs	29.0	15.2	.18	7	20	27	40	60	7,907	1.8	.001	.119
Carnegie Class	28.6	16.4	.15	0	20	27	40	60	968	2.1	.000	.130
R2 Public University	29.1	15.7	.15	0	20	27	40	60	11,694	1.7	.003	.107
Top 50%	30.8	15.5	.05	7	20	33	40	60	93,334	1	.889	005
Top 10%	33.3	15.4	.12	7	20	33	40	60	18,443	-2.5	.000	163
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
SJSU (N = 994)	31.2	13.6	.43	10	20	30	40	60				
All CSUs	29.8	13.5	.14	10	20	30	40	55	9,875	1.4	.001	.106
Carnegie Class	18.2	17.0	.14	0	0	15	30	50	1,203	13.0	.000	.772
R2 Public University	28.4	14.5	.12	5	20	30	40	55	1,165	2.8	.000	.193
Top 50%	33.4	13.9	.04	10	25	35	40	60	107,096	-2.2	.000	157
Top 10%	36.7	13.7	.10	15	25	35	45	60	20,991	-5.5	.000	400
Discussions with Diverse Others	5											
SJSU (N = 821)	38.2	15.3	.53	15	25	40	50	60				
All CSUs	36.2	16.0	.19	10	25	40	50	60	1,042	2.0	.000	.127
Carnegie Class	31.4	19.3	.18	0	20	35	45	60	1,014	6.8	.000	.357
R2 Public University	38.1	16.3	.16	10	25	40	50	60	968	.2	.775	.010
-	40.7	14.9	.05	20	30	40	55	60	88,724	-2.5	.000	166
Top 50%	-0.7			20	50	40	55	00	00,724			



Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> San Jose State University

## **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores				Co	Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
SJSU (N = 887)	19.8	15.7	.53	0	5	20	30	50				
All CSUs	19.1	15.0	.17	0	5	15	25	50	1,075	.7	.205	.047
Carnegie Class	20.3	15.1	.13	0	10	20	30	50	997	5	.374	032
R2 Public University	20.1	15.0	.14	0	10	20	30	50	1,009	3	.624	018
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.06	5	15	25	35	60	56,812	-5.6	.000	363
Top 10%	29.9	15.5	.19	5	20	30	40	60	7,717	-10.1	.000	649
Effective Teaching Practices												
SJSU $(N = 862)$	38.9	13.2	.45	20	28	40	48	60				
All CSUs	38.4	13.3	.15	16	28	40	48	60	8,381	.4	.359	.033
Carnegie Class	39.5	14.5	.13	16	28	40	52	60	1,009	6	.198	042
R2 Public University	38.1	13.5	.13	16	28	40	48	60	12,332	.7	.120	.055
Тор 50%	40.8	13.5	.05	20	32	40	52	60	71,872	-1.9	.000	141
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.12	20	36	44	56	60	997	-4.7	.000	335
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
SJSU (N = 714)	40.7	12.1	.45	20	32	40	50	60				
All CSUs	42.0	12.4	.16	18	34	44	50	60	6,738	-1.4	.005	111
Carnegie Class	45.4	13.1	.14	20	38	48	58	60	852	-4.8	.000	366
R2 Public University	42.2	12.1	.12	20	36	44	50	60	10,182	-1.6	.001	129
Top 50%	45.7	11.5	.05	24	40	48	54	60	730	-5.0	.000	439
Top 10%	48.7	11.9	.12	24	42	52	60	60	10,910	-8.1	.000	674
Supportive Environment												
SJSU (N = 788)	33.7	13.7	.49	13	23	35	40	60				
All CSUs	33.7	14.0	.17	10	23	34	43	60	7,458	.0	.962	002
Carnegie Class	33.3	14.8	.14	8	23	33	43	60	925	.4	.397	.029
R2 Public University	34.2	13.8	.14	13	25	35	43	60	11,043	5	.357	034
Тор 50%	37.1	13.0	.05	17	28	38	45	60	805	-3.4	.000	262
Top 10%	40.4	12.6	.17	20	33	40	50	60	994	-6.7	.000	528

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> San Jose State University

## **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

_	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Comparison results			
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge	weun	30	JL	501	2501	50111	7501	9501	Jieedoni	uŋj.	Sig.	3/20
Higher-Order Learning												
SJSU (N = $1514$ )	40.3	14.4	.37	20	30	40	50	60				
All CSUs	40.8	14.1	.14	20	30	40	55	60	12,138	5	.238	032
Carnegie Class	40.9	14.2	.14	20	30	40	55	60	13,877	6	.123	032
R2 Public University	40.9	14.2	.13	20 20	30	40	55	60	14,619	0 2	.532	042
Top 50%	42.4	14.2	.12	20 20	35	40	55	60	61,490	-2.1	.000	155
Top 10%	44.9	12.8	.00	20 20	40	40	60	60	2,123	-2.1 -4.6	.000	132
100 1070	44.9	12.0	.10	20	40	45	00	00	2,123	-4.0	.000	340
Reflective & Integrative Learning	g											
SJSU (N = 1604)	37.6	13.3	.33	17	29	37	46	60				
All CSUs	38.9	13.1	.12	17	29	40	49	60	12,929	-1.2	.001	093
Carnegie Class	37.6	13.4	.12	17	29	37	49	60	14,786	.1	.804	.007
R2 Public University	38.5	13.2	.11	17	29	40	49	60	15,550	8	.018	063
Top 50%	40.6	12.4	.05	20	31	40	51	60	1,679	-3.0	.000	239
Top 10%	43.2	11.8	.16	23	34	43	54	60	2,353	-5.6	.000	450
Learning Strategies SJSU (N = 1412)	39.1	14.4	.38	20	27	40	53	60				
All CSUs							53		11 201	7	.080	050
	39.8	14.4	.14	20	27	40		60	11,391	7		050
Carnegie Class	40.4	14.8	.14	13	27	40	53	60	12,893	-1.3	.002	088
R2 Public University	39.8	14.7	.13	13	27	40	53	60	13,760	7	.101	040
Top 50%	41.2	14.5	.05	20	33	40	53	60	74,388	-2.1	.000	142
Top 10%	44.1	14.2	.15	20	33	47	60	60	10,416	-5.0	.000	350
Quantitative Reasoning												
SJSU (N = 1436)	32.5	16.5	.43	0	20	33	40	60				
All CSUs	30.7	16.6	.16	0	20	33	40	60	11,597	1.7	.000	.103
Carnegie Class	30.8	16.7	.15	0	20	33	40	60	13,138	1.6	.000	.098
R2 Public University	30.7	16.5	.15	0	20	33	40	60	13,986	1.8	.000	.107
Top 50%	32.8	16.5	.06	7	20	33	40	60	78,704	4	.383	023
Top 10%	36.2	16.2	.00	, 7	20	40	47	60	9,288	-3.7	.000	230
									-,			
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
SJSU (N = $1681$ )	33.9	14.3	.35	10	25	35	45	60				
All CSUs	32.6	14.2	.13	10	20	30	40	60	13,434	1.3	.000	.094
Carnegie Class	23.9	18.1	.15	0	5	25	40	60	2,390	10.0	.000	.564
R2 Public University	29.2	15.7	.13	5	20	30	40	60	2,175	4.7	.000	.302
Top 50%	34.8	14.2	.05	10	25	35	45	60	72,865	9	.014	06
Top 10%	38.0	13.6	.14	15	30	40	50	60	10,974	-4.1	.000	299
Discussions with Diverse Others												
SJSU ( $N = 1412$ )	39.1	16.6	.44	10	25	40	55	60				
All CSUs	39.4	16.4	.16	10	30	40	55	60	11,464	3	.564	016
Carnegie Class	34.7	19.1	.18	0	20	40	50	60	1,404	<i>3</i> 4.5	.000	.237
R2 Public University	39.5	19.1	.18	10	20	40	55	60	13,844	4.3 4	.000	022
-					23 30	40 40	55 60			4 -2.2	.441	
Top 50%	41.4	15.6	.06	15				60	1,458			143
Top 10%	44.1	14.5	.15	20	35	45	60	60	1,775	-5.0	.000	335



## Detailed Statistics<sup>a</sup> San Jose State University

### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores		Comparison results			
		SD <sup>b</sup>	SE <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
	Mean											
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
SJSU (N = 1555)	21.6	16.5	.42	0	10	20	30	60				
All CSUs	22.6	16.4	.16	0	10	20	35	60	12,524	-1.1	.015	066
Carnegie Class	21.7	16.0	.14	0	10	20	30	55	14,287	1	.822	006
R2 Public University	21.6	16.3	.14	0	10	20	30	55	15,072	.0	.932	002
Top 50%	29.9	16.3	.09	5	20	30	40	60	34,437	-8.4	.000	513
Top 10%	34.9	16.1	.27	10	20	35	45	60	5,011	-13.3	.000	823
Effective Teaching Practices												
SJSU (N = 1515)	40.1	14.8	.38	16	28	40	52	60				
All CSUs	40.5	14.0	.14	16	32	40	52	60	1,926	4	.347	027
Carnegie Class	39.5	14.9	.13	12	28	40	52	60	13,784	.6	.148	.039
R2 Public University	39.9	14.3	.12	16	32	40	52	60	14,619	.2	.530	.017
Top 50%	42.5	13.8	.06	20	32	44	56	60	1,589	-2.3	.000	170
Top 10%	45.2	13.1	.16	20	36	48	60	60	2,094	-5.1	.000	381
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
SJSU (N = $1259$ )	40.5	13.1	.37	16	32	40	50	60				
All CSUs	42.8	13.2	.14	18	35	44	53	60	10,190	-2.3	.000	172
Carnegie Class	44.6	13.2	.13	18	38	48	56	60	10,817	-4.2	.000	315
R2 Public University	42.5	13.1	.13	18	34	44	52	60	12,115	-2.0	.000	154
Top 50%	45.4	12.0	.05	22	38	48	55	60	1,309	-4.9	.000	407
Top 10%	48.1	12.3	.12	23	42	50	60	60	1,543	-7.6	.000	615
Supportive Environment												
SJSU (N = 1372)	31.4	14.8	.40	8	20	30	40	60				
All CSUs	33.0	14.9	.15	8	23	33	43	60	11,112	-1.5	.000	103
Carnegie Class	30.6	15.2	.14	5	20	30	40	60	12,450	.8	.065	.053
R2 Public University	32.0	14.8	.13	8	20	33	40	60	13,416	6	.163	040
Top 50%	34.6	14.2	.06	10	25	35	45	60	1,435	-3.2	.000	226
Top 10%	38.0	13.7	.19	15	28	40	48	60	2,034	-6.5	.000	469

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.